

THE RUSH TO AMERICA.

Englishmen Have a Touch of the Oklahoma Fever—Thousands of Emigrants.

London, April 20.—The Oklahoma excitement is getting worked for all it is worth over here. Not for many years has the exodus to America been so large as it was the last week, and from the number of people still trying to book steerage passage it promises to be still larger next week. Ten thousand emigrants have sailed from Liverpool alone within the last five days. As many more have sailed from Bremen, Hamburg, Antwerp and smaller ports. The majority of these may be able to squeeze through Castle Garden under the pauper emigration act, but judging from scores of specimens the World's Queens-town correspondent saw on the heavily burdened vessels there is reason for close watching at New York. The steamship companies are setting about everything that will stay above water, and filling them with people clamoring for a chance to cross the sea, no matter how. It is reported that some lines sold passage tickets as low as \$15. Passengers from New York to Liverpool have found the landing stage impassable all the week because of the blockade of emigrants. Thursday 1,230 emigrants embarked at Queens-town alone. This is the largest number ever before sent from this port on one day. The London charitable societies sent off several hundred people this week, including many poor families, but most of these were sent on Canadian boats and will not have to pass the Castle Garden ordeal. The public is flooded with begging letters to assist others who want to emigrate. One cause of the increased exodus to the United States is the collapse of the South American emigration boom which started a few months ago. Hundreds of discouraged Irishmen and Englishmen are coming back every week. They say they were unable to live in the country. But the Italians seem to flourish there and emigrants to South American from Italian ports are more numerous than ever.

A Man Runs Away From His Debts Disguised as a Chinaman.

TUCSON, April 24.—A few weeks ago E. C. Webster, a prominent citizen and mill-owner of Tempe, Arizona, suddenly disappeared. He went to Phoenix, and, after borrowing all the funds possible, hired a team to return to his home. The next day the team was found in Salt river. Webster's hat was also found on the bank below, and it was the general opinion that he had either been suicidally or accidentally drowned. In a few days the milling company suspended. The mill company's friends strongly claimed that Webster was drowned, though a search made of the river uncovered no trace of his body. Now it turns out that Webster was not drowned, but, disguised as a Chinaman, made his escape from the Territory. His wife went to join him Monday night. No cause has been given for his mysterious actions. No doubt but his wife was ignorant of his purpose.

Office-seekers who are applicants for places in which the four year tenure of office prevails want to know whether the four years are to be calculated from the date of appointment or confirmation. In many instances there is nearly a year's difference in the two dates. Under former Administrations it has been customary to date commissions from the date of confirmation. Attorney General Miller says he doesn't know how the matter will be settled, although his private opinion is that an officeholder's four years should date from the day he goes into office, and not from the date of the commission which is issued immediately after confirmation.

The Cabinet does not seem to be unanimous in its policy over removals. Secretary Windom is freely quoted as authority for the statement that a four year term will be counted from the date of confirmation and not from the date of appointment. In many cases this would give Democratic officeholders five or six years. The absurdity of such a rule has been pointed out by Congressmen, who also call attention to the fact that only in rare instances did the Democrats allow Republicans to serve out a four year term.

A project is on foot to establish a condensed milk factory at Santa Rosa. Three thousand gallons of milk will be necessary to meet the daily requirements of the factory, which quantity could be supplied by 1,500 cows—if their lactical product is two gallons a day.

Seventeen years ago Nebraska commenced the observance of Arbor day by planting 12,000,000 trees on the wind-swept prairies. There are now growing in Nebraska 605,000,000 trees, largely the result of Arbor day observance.

Advance sales of seats for Booth and Barrett engagement at Denver next week opened Tuesday. The sale amounted to \$8,000—the largest in the history of the Tabor Grand Opera House.

To-day is the anniversary of Grant's birthday. It will be appropriately celebrated in many places throughout the country.

Mr. Clarkson on the Railway Mail Service.

Since March 4th about 500 changes have been made in the personnel of the railway mail service. First Assistant Postmaster General Clarkson, in speaking of the matter the other day, said that it had been the policy of the department to displace incompetent clerks and appoint experienced and thoroughly efficient men who left the service during the last Administration, where such were available and desirous of re-entering the service. Of course, he said, men whose faculties have become impaired, or whose thorough fitness has become questionable, will not be reinstated. "The railway mail service," he continued, "requires men not only of superior intelligence, but men whose faculties are in perfect working order. Men who possess every requirement of the service are comparatively few and are easily secured, but when such are found they should be retained in the service as long as possible. Efficiency in the postal service can be obtained only after a long struggle, and to remove such men to make places for political favorites, irrespective of their fitness, is a public wrong and should not be tolerated by the public."

Work for the General Land Office.

Commissioner Stocklager, of the General Land Office, Wednesday said that from present indications the contests over land claims in Oklahoma would ultimately involve nearly every quarter section of land in that Territory. This being the case, he thought it probable that the Department would make the Oklahoma contests a separate class and dispose of them at once; otherwise, in the ordinary course of business, it would likely be eighteen months or two years before they could be reached. Contests in which abandonment is charged could not be passed upon until after the expiration of six months, as the law does not recognize the separation of claims for a shorter period than six months as abandonment; but cases in which fraud or violation of law or the President's proclamation in going into the Territory prior to April 22 could be tried and disposed of at once.

Getting Rich by Small Inventions.

Pittsburg Press: The New Jersey man who hit upon the idea of attaching a rubber erasing tip to the end of a leadpencil is worth \$200,000.

The miner who invented a metal rivet or eyelet at each end of the mouth of coat and trousers pocket to resist the strain caused by the carriage of pieces of ore and heavy tools has made more money from his letters patent than he would have made had he struck a good vein of gold bearing quartz.

Every one has seen the metal plates that are used to protect the heels and toes of rough shoes, but every one doesn't know that within ten years the man who hit upon the idea has made \$250,000.

As large a sum was ever obtained from any invention was enjoyed by the Yankee who invented the inverted glass bell to hang over gas jets to protect ceilings from being blackened by smoke.

The inventor of the roller skate has made \$1,000,000, notwithstanding the fact that his patent had nearly expired before the value of it was ascertained in the craze for roller skating that spread over the country a few years ago.

The gimlet-pointed screw has produced more wealth than most silver mines, and the Connecticut man who first thought of putting copper tips on the toes of children's shoes is as well off as if he had inherited \$1,000,000, for that's the amount his idea has realized for him in cold clammy coin.

The common needle threader, which everyone has seen for sale, and which every woman owns, was a boon to needle users. The man who invented it has an income of \$10,000 a year from his invention.

A minister in England made \$50,000 by inventing an odd toy that danced by winding it with a string.

The man who invented the return ball, an ordinary wooden ball with a rubber string attached to pull it back, made \$1,000,000 from it.

The person who invented the most recent popular toy, "pigs in clover," will be rich before the leaves turn this Autumn. He was poor last November.

Advice to Mothers.

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures dysentery and diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female nurses and physicians in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price 25 cents a bottle. feb. 21-wf-ly.

"There was a frog who lived in a spring. He caught such a cold that he could not sing."

Poor, unfortunate, Batrachian! In what a sad plight he must have been. And yet his misfortune was one that often befalls singers. Many a once tuneful voice among those who belong to the "genus homo" is utterly spoiled by "cold in the head," or on the lungs, or both combined. For the above mentioned "croaker" we are not aware that any remedy was ever devised; but we rejoice to know that all human singers may keep their heads clear and throats in tune by a timely use of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy and Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, both of which are sold by druggists.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength, and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

THE M'KISSICK OPERA HOUSE.

JOHN PIPER.....Lessee.

Monday Evening, April 29, 1889!

Georgious Production of Willard Spencer's Popular Comic Opera Success,

THE LITTLE TYCOON!

52—PEOPLE IN CAST—52!!

The Original and Only Company Presenting the Opera!

The Only Comic Opera Company Traveling With

Its Own Entire Orchestra!

NO INCREASE IN PRICES!

Reserved Seats..... \$1.00
Gallery..... 75
Boxes..... 50

Reserved Seats now on Sale at Nasby's

ESPERETTE OR SANFORD,

—And the Finest—

Farm, Kitchen Garden and

FLOWER SEEDS,

—At Moderate Prices at—

PINNIGER'S

APOTHECARY.

Corner Commercial Row and Virginia Street, Reno, Nevada.

UNION SALOON.

NORTHWEST CORNER OF VIRGINIA AND Second Streets,

RENO.

CHASE & CHURCH, Proprietors,

The best quality of

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

Fine Billiard and Pool Tables attached for the accommodation of guests.

Jose Moore's Brands of Whisky a Specialty

Call and See Us.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS

—AT—

HODCKINSON'S

DRUG STORE,

Virginia Street, Reno, Nevada.

F. LEVY & BRO.

F. LEVY & BROTHER,

—THE RELIABLE—

Dry Goods, Carpet and Cloak House,

Will dispose of the remainder of their

CLOAKS AT GREAT SACRIFICE.

No Cloaks will be kept over for next season. This means Bargains.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RICHARD HERZ,
RENO, NEVADA.



—PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO—
Engraving and Watch Repairing.
STANDARD TIME TAKEN BY TRANSIT

McKISSICK'S OPERA HOUSE

ONE NIGHT ONLY!

Tuesday Eve., April 30th, 1889!

A GRAND

LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT!

—For the Benefit of—

THE W. R. C. HOME!

—Under the auspices of—

O. M. MITCHELL RELIEF CORPS,
NO. 271

The Leading Local Talent of Reno Will Assist!

TICKETS.....50 CENTS

Box-sheet now open at Nasby's Bazaar.

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POWDER WORKS,

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SAN FRANCISCO.

Manufacture and have constantly on hand

SPORTING,

MINING,

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POWDER,

A superior quality, fresh from the mills. It is being constantly received and transported into the interior, is delivered to the consumer within a few days of the time of its manufacture, and is in every way

Superior to Any Other Powder

In the market. We have been awarded

successively

Three Gold Medals!

At the MECHANICAL INSTITUTE and the State Agricultural Society for the superiority of our products over all others. We call attention to our

Hercules Powder,

Which combines all the force of other strong explosives now in use, and the lifting force of the very

BEST BLASTING POWDER.

Thus making it vastly superior to any other compound now in use

Circular containing a full description of this Powder can be obtained on application at the offices of any of our agents.

JOHN F. LOHSE, Sec'y.

EVERYBODY!

Visiting San Francisco

CAN RETURN HOME WITH A PRESENT that will not fail to please friend and that

"PORTRAIT"

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STATE FAIR, 1889.

1889 188
THE STATE FAIR
—Of 1889, Will be Held—
AT RENO,

Commencing September 30th and Ending October 5th, 1889.

LIBERAL PREMIUMS

For Live Stock Department and Exhibits in Pavilion.

Trials of Speed to be Conducted Under the Auspices of the Directors of the State Agricultural Society.

THE STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY WAS ESTABLISHED IN ACCORDANCE with an Act of the Legislature of the State of Nevada, entitled "An Act to provide for the management and control of the State Agricultural Society of the State," approved March 7, 1885.

Members of the State Board of Agriculture:

C. C. POWNING, of Washoe County,
ALVARO EVANS, of Washoe County,
THEO. WINTERS, of Washoe County,
W. S. BAILEY, of Churchill County,
F. DANGBERG, of Douglas County,
JOS. MARZEN, of Humboldt County,

H. M. YERRINGTON, of Ormsby County,
L. J. FLINT, of Washoe County,
P. H. MULCAHY, of Washoe County,
T. B. RIOKEY, of Douglas County,
W. O. H. MARTIN, of Washoe County,
E. F. BOYLE, of Storey County.

Officers of the Society:

THEODORE WINTERS.....President
C. H. STODDARD.....Secretary
C. T. BENDER.....Treasurer

For Speed Programme, Premium List and other information, address C. H. Stoddard, Secretary, Reno, Nevada.

THEO. WINTERS, President.

C. H. STODDARD, Secretary.

JOHN SUNDERLAND.

John Sunderland,
DEALER IN MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
And Gents' Furnishing Goods.

ALL THE LATEST STYLES IN

Fine French

FLANNELS,

Beautiful Striped Designs,

The Finest Shirts ever offered for sale in the town.

IMPORTED

Oxfords and Cheviots,

A Very Large Variety of Patterns. These Goods will be Very Popular for This Spring and Summer.

Silk Shirts in Stripes and Plaids,

HANDSOME COLORINGS AND DESIGNS

CUFFS, COLLARS AND HANDKERCHIEFS.

Silk and Viana Underwear.

The Finest Assortment of NECK WEAR on the Coast.

FINE BOOTS AND SHOES

In Ladies', Misses', and Children's.

Men's Fine Hand-sewed

Kangaroo and French Calf,

In Every Width from A to EE.

All will be sold a New York Prices.

N. P. JAKES, PRACTICAL PLUMBER.

N. P. JAKES,

Corner of Second and Sierra Streets, RENO.

Practical Plumber, Steam and Gas Fitter.

Dealer in Hardware, Stoves and Ranges. Manufacturer of Copper, Tin and Iron Ware.

Agent for Old's Hollow Steel Axle Farm Wagons.
Agent for McCormick's Mowers and Reapers.
Agent for the celebrated Patti Roads Carts.

SATURDAY, APRIL 27, 1899

TOWN AND COUNTY.

BREVITIES.

Bob Fulton is out in Sierra Valley.
Mining stocks were off a little yesterday.
Dr. Bieber returned from Tascara last night.

Go to Lange & Schmitt for paints and brushes.
Dickey Jose and Docketader's minstrels are at Omaha.

Capt. Overton was a passenger for Virginia yesterday morning.

Archib Farrington, of the Reduction Works, went below last night.

Hon. W. H. A. Pike, of Stillwater, came up from Churchill last night.

Ex-Congressman Woodburn was a passenger for the Bay last night.

Go to Lange & Schmitt for garden hose, lawn mowers, and ice cream freezers.

J. O. Culver, of California, has been reinstated as Postoffice Inspector on mail depredations.

L. G. Clark, well known in Reno, has been appointed a member of the Board of Supervisors, of Modoc county, by Governor Waterman, of California.

Pat. McCarran has been held to answer in \$2,000 bonds before the Storey County Grand Jury, for assault with intent to kill one of Jack O'Brien's sheep herders.

A LIGHTNING EXPRESS.

An Overland Flyer to Eclipse the Golden Gate Special, Which Will Start on Its Last Trip May 4.

It is announced by the Southern Pacific and Union Pacific people that the Golden Gate special will run its last trip, leaving San Francisco, on Saturday, May 4. A new overland passenger train will be put on the Ogden line, Sunday, May 5th, and be the fastest regular daily train ever run between San Francisco and the East. Leaving San Francisco at 6:30 P. M. daily, it will arrive in Omaha in 3 days, in Chicago in 3 days and 19 hours, and in New York in 4 days and 21 hours, or 26 hours shorter than at present made by any single overland train. It will be a limited train and carry only first-class passengers.

MURDER MOST FOUL.

Shot Through the Head and Sunk in a River.

A terrible crime was brought to light at Postville, Idaho, last Sunday. Some persons who were fishing saw something floating in the river, which upon investigation proved to be the body of a man, the victim of a horrible murder. He was about thirty years of age, with dark hair and mustache and club-footed. Owing to the mutilated condition of the face, it was unrecognizable. There were two gunny sacks filled with stones tied about his neck by a rope and the head was covered by a pillow case. The coroner's inquest which was held, brought to light the fact that he had been shot through the head, but nothing was found which would lead to his identification.

Relief Corps Entertainment.

Following is the programme to be rendered next Tuesday evening for the benefit of the W. R. C. Home:

PART I.

Overture.....Hasting's Orchestra
Song (Original), "Praises the Name of Washington".....Normal Class
Song....."The Sword of Bunker Hill"
Chas. Becker.
Enrolling of Liberty, (Washington and Goddess of Liberty present), P. H. Mulcahy.
Song....."The Warrior Bold"
Tom Evans.
Recitation....."The American Flag"
Gertrude M. McIntosh.
Hither's Fairies Trip, Miss Quail's pupils
Recitation....."The Old Rectory's Story"
Miss Winifred Smith.

PART II.

Patriotic airs.....Hasting's Band
Tableau.....University Cadets
Declaration....."Toussaint L. Overtures"
Song....."A Handful of Earth"
Sam Mazingo.
The Revolutionary Rising.....Normal Class
Essay....."Inauguration of Washington"
J. R. Williams.
Bedouin Love Song.....Tom Evans
Recitation....."The Dandy Fifth"
Mrs. P. W. Phillips.
Song....."America"
Audience.

"The Little Tycoon."

"A sovereign cure for dull care" is the way the San Francisco Chronicle spoke of Willard Spenser's popular comic opera, "The Little Tycoon," which comes to the Opera House Monday evening, April 24th. The company, which numbers 52 people, is accompanied by their own orchestra, and comes direct from San Francisco, making Reno their only stop between the first named city and Salt Lake. "The Little Tycoon," which had the phenomenal run of 463 nights in Philadelphia, goes back to that city for another run of ten weeks, beginning May 13. This is the only and original company playing the opera, and is personally directed by the author, Willard Spenser.

The Weekly "Journal"

The weekly edition of the JOURNAL, issued to-day, is a double sheet, of 56 columns, containing 50 columns of reading matter, and altogether a handsome paper, and a credit to a town of the size of Reno.

WINTERS' STABLE.

The Equine Locomotives For the American Derby.

The recent performances of Winters' string at the Bay District make it a certainty that the stable will go East next month to compete with the crack flyers in that section. Reno has a local interest in their success, for the owner is a resident of Washoe county, and the horses have been in quarters at the Reno track during the past Winter. As is well known Theodore Winters is the gentleman who, twenty-five years ago, paid \$15,000 for Norfolk, the purchase being made at St. Louis. B. A. Alexander, who bred Norfolk, paid \$15,000 for his sire, Lexington. When his friends passed opinions on what they deemed his folly he said he would sell one of the old hero's colts for more than he had paid for the horse. He took Norfolk to St. Louis in 1864 and ran him there. Winters, who saw the colt perform, asked a price on him. He was answered \$15,001. When the reason for the odd dollar was explained the sale was effected. Winters brought the colt to California, and Alexander went back to Kentucky exulting over the fact that his declaration had been verified. Norfolk was a grand racehorse in those days. Now he is classed as a great sire. His greatest success was with Marian, by Malcom, out of Maggie Mitchell, by imported Yorkshire, her greatest produce being Emperor of Norfolk, whose brief but brilliant turf career made her famous. In the stable at the fair grounds there are two brothers of the Emperor, The Czar, a 3-year-old, and El Rio Rey, a 2-year-old. The Czar is engaged in the American Derby along with two stable companions, Don Jose and Barham. He is going fast and, if his legs hold out, will be worthy of consideration June 24. El Rio Rey (The River King) is engaged in all the 2-year-old colt stakes at Washington Park. The opinion here is that he is invincible. Don Jose is a quiet tip for the American Derby. The string, which is in charge of William McCormick, is as follows:

Don Jose, 3 years, by Joe Hooker, dam Countess Zeka.
The Czar, 3 years, by Norfolk, dam Marian.
Joe Courtney, 3 years, by Joe Hooker, dam Abbie W.
Barham, 3 years, by Norfolk, dam sister to Lottery, by Monday.
El Rio Rey, 2 years, by Norfolk, dam Marian.
Barrett, 2 years, by Joe Hooker, dam Countess Zeka.
Rascal, 2 years, by Joe Hooker, dam Mattie Glenn.
Chan Kaskell, 2 years, by Norfolk, dam Addie O'Neil.

Don Jose is a dark chestnut, with white nearly to the knees forward and white to the top of the left canon bone behind. He lacks an eighth of an inch of sixteen hands in height and is a horse of speedy conformation. Racinglike in every line and weighing about 1,000 pounds he looks a Derby winner.

The Czar stands fifteen hands three inches high and weighs about 1,160 pounds. In color he is a chestnut, with a small star and four white half stockings. Although different in color and not quite so big as the Emperor, he bears a resemblance to him. He is a race-horse to look at and has been doing remarkably well in his work. Curly hocks are his points of weakness and may interfere with his prospective turf career. They troubled him last year.

Joe Courtney is a chestnut, with a bald face, white almost to the knees forward, and full white stockings behind. He is said to have shown as much speed in his work as Don Jose or the Czar, if not a little more, and his appearance indicates that he is a race horse of rare quality. Standing sixteen hands, having a deep shoulder and remarkably full girth, and magnificent quarters, he ought to be a useful animal at the races. Some horsemen who watched the stable's horses at work believe Courtney the best of the lot.

Barham is a bay, with three white ankles, and stands fifteen hands three inches high. He is a blocky and superbly coupled animal, who ought to be a weight-carrier at least.
El Rio Rey, a 2-year-old, is a chestnut with a bald face and white on his left fore and both hind legs. Sixteen hands and a quarter of an inch high he will scale over 1,100 pounds. A more rangy colt than his famous brother, he is superbly formed, muscular in body, and supported by a grand set of stout legs—stronger than is often seen on a Norfolk. He is not only a colt of rare type, but has a rare turn of speed. Those who have seen him work say he is a world beater. Cyrus Holloway says: "He is a locomotive." Other trainers say: "There never was a colt foaled that could beat him." With 120 pounds, Winchell in the saddle, he worked three furlongs in 36½.

Barrett, a full brother to Don Jose, is a colt of 15½ hands. Although a handsome, trim colt he does not look well alongside of El Rio Rey, or, "after looking at Rey," as McCormick said.

Rascal, a full brother to Bonanza, is a better looking and finer finished colt. He has Bonanza's head, excepting that remarkable Roman nose, which is so familiar to patrons of the West Side Track. A blocky animal, only 15 hands high, he makes up in substance and finish what he lacks in height. He is one of the kind to look out for.

The bay colt Chan Kaskell is not in the stable, having been turned out for a few days. He will, however, be taken East.

Reno in 1901.

The Chicago Tribune says: J. M. Cohen has sold to W. Pepper for \$112,000, eighty acres at the northeast corner of Robey and Sixty-third streets.

BUILDING LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Good They Do For Man and Town.

Now that Reno has its Union Building and Loan Association, the enjoined article from the Irish World will be read with interest:

Probably none of the so-called co-operative societies have been so universally successful as those known as "Building Loan Associations."

The objects of their creation are to furnish money to people of limited means to build or buy their own homes and to furnish safe and handy receptacles for the spare money of those who can save a little out of their earnings.

A number of people, say five hundred, unite and agree to pay into the treasury of the company say one dollar per month on each share of the stock they subscribed until the aggregate of principal paid and interest accumulated shall amount to the agreed-on aggregate, say one hundred, two hundred, five hundred, or whatever total may be fixed.

Members can subscribe for one or more shares of stock, but, as a rule, no member has more than one vote, however large a stockholder he may be.

To illustrate, suppose five hundred people thus associate, subscribing for one thousand shares of stock, payable at the rate of one dollar per month per share. The first payment is, of course, one thousand dollars. This is put up as a loan at auction in the society's room to the highest bidder, with the understanding that the security will be satisfactory, interest payable monthly at the time dues are paid.

Suppose a member has a house lot paid for and unencumbered worth two hundred dollars and wishes to build. He has two shares of stock and he offers a bonus at ten per cent, receiving nine hundred dollars. His monthly dues amount to two dollars and his interest payments at six per cent per year will be five dollars: total seven dollars. With the money received he can put up a snug little cottage, and the seven dollars per month he pays in not only exempts him from rent but in a few years makes him the owner of his home.

The next month the aggregate receipts for dues and interest are again put up at auction, and so on monthly until each share is worth the amount agreed when the society was created. It may at first glance seem that the bonus or premium paid on the loan may be usurious or extortionate, but when it is remembered that a proportionate part of it goes back to the borrower as a stockholder the objection is modified—millions of dollars have thus been invested and thousands of homes secured by people who would not otherwise have saved a dollar or owned a shelter.

A DASTARDLY DEED.

Giant Powder Exploded Under the Bed Rooms of Supt. Price and Geo. W. Peltier—Miraculous Escape.

The Tascara Times-Review, of Tuesday, gives these particulars of the villainous attempt at murder in that camp:

A dastardly attempt at assassination was made upon Superintendent Price and Geo. W. Peltier about half past 2 o'clock this morning, by exploding dynamite under their bed rooms. The first explosion took place under the corner of Mr. Price's bed room, blowing up the woodshed and wrecking the furniture inside the building and shaking that gentleman up considerably. About two minutes later the powder under Mr. Peltier's room exploded. It was here that the greatest damage was done. Nearly the whole side of the house being torn out, the bedstead broken to pieces and the whole interior of the room wrecked, and Mr. Peltier thrown out of bed.

Whoever fired the blast must have been pretty well acquainted with the surroundings and also the interior of the rooms as the charges were placed nearly or under the beds of both gentlemen. That under Mr. Peltier's was probably the largest and the fuse lit first, as the fuse found there was about 16 feet long, while that at Mr. Price's was considerable shorter.

The only theory advanced as to how the parties escaped with their lives is that the force of the explosion was down and that the heavy spring mattresses broke the concussion.

There is no clew except that Mr. Peltier was warned by a party a month or two ago that an attempt would be made on his life, but no attention was paid to the warning. The supposition is that it is the work of a hired assassin.

HE DID NOT FORGET HIS RELATIVES.

"Big Mouth" Charley Distributes His Wives Among His Brothers.

The Red Bluff News says.

"Big Mouth" Charley, the gay and festive Indian, who playfully sent D. Pete to the happy hunting ground, for which commendable action he will enjoy the hospitality of the State for seven years and four months, on Wednesday last distributed his personal effects as follows: To Jim Turner, his brother, he gave his oldest wife, Lizzie, also his real estate and horses; the land is 160-acre timber claim. To "Coyote Pete," a friend, he gave his youngest wife, Susie. To "Deer Tom," another brother, he gave "Mollie Turner," his dead brother Ike's wife. His thirty head of dogs, five Winchester rifles, 500 rounds of cartridges, two revolvers and four knives he gives to Jim Turner; consideration, love and respect for Lizzie. He had a deep-set grudge against "Coyote Pete," which is the reason given for placing Susie under his protection. She is a tolerable tough piece of femininity.

Want a Change of Venue

J. L. Wines, attorney for the Southern Pacific Company, has filed a petition with the Clerk of the District Court at Winnemucca to have the case of A. O. Hillman vs. the Southern Pacific Company transferred for trial to the United States Circuit Court. The suit is for \$100,000 damages.

The sixteen ladies who will dance in the quadrille of honor at the Centennial ball, according to the Tribune, have at last been determined upon, as follows: Mrs. Benjamin Harrison, Mrs. Levi P. Morton, Mrs. Grover Cleveland, Mrs. Grace Ring, Mrs. Alexander Van Rensselaer, Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting, Mrs. William Astor, Miss Cora Livingston, Mrs. Newbold Morris, Mrs. Elbridge T. Gerry, Miss Louisa Lea Schuyler, Mrs. Buchanan Winthrop, Mrs. Sturtevant Fish, Mrs. William Jay, Mrs. S. V. B. Cruger and Mrs. Alexander B. Webb.

A BUSINESS PROPOSITION.

A Radical Change of System Imperatively Demanded.

The Enterprise says:

The extensive system of credit and sharp business competition which has prevailed on the Comstock for years is showing up its evil results.

"I have carried a man for eight months," said a grocer yesterday, "and he owes me \$200. He was a man of fair appearance, and I was puzzled to know why he didn't get work. I finally interested myself in his behalf to get him work in the mines, as he is a miner. I soon learned that for some offense or other it was impossible for him to get work in a certain series of mines. I went straightway to my debtor—this very day—and told him that he had better leave the town; that I could not carry him any longer, and I blamed him to some extent for not informing me how he stood with the parties I refer to. Well, what do you suppose he said in answer? He said: 'I don't care; I will pack my satchel and leave my six children here for the county to support, if they want 'em.'"

This tale is a tale which none but blind men can fail to profit from.

The miner was not benefitted by being carried. He was injured eight months of his life and the grocer was out \$200, and of course that is far from the total loss in the town from that case.

There is an absolute surplus of working population on the Comstock, and there is no immediate hope of employment being furnished to a greater number of working-men than at present. Of course it is harsh to say to men that they must leave. That is something that no man has a right to say to another. But the conditions which exist here should be truthfully set forth, and reasonable men should act upon fair appearances. The Coast is large and can absorb the entire population of this State, to say nothing of the surplus business and working population of Virginia, and feel better after the meal.

Why, then, if men find themselves out of employment, should they not seek other fields, where they may stand some chance to improve their condition? Why should they fasten themselves upon the charity of the community? Why should they be encouraged to do so.

Officers, Take Notice.

An Act in relation to compensation for official services in case of pensioners. [Approved January 21, 1899.]

The people of the State of Nevada, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. No fee or charge shall be made by any State, county or township officer of this State for administering oaths or certifying or acknowledging any paper for United States pensioners in any matter pertaining to their pensions.

It is hinted at the Navy Department that the Government will proceed with the building of the new coast defense vessel and ignore the two vessels which were to be constructed out of the appropriation made available for that purpose. It is also said that the Union Iron Works of San Francisco will be given the contract for building the vessel.

WHAT ON EARTH

Is the reason people will not, can not or do not see any difference in cheap nostrums put up by cheap John houses or irresponsible parties at enormous profits, rather than take a medicine of world wide reputation and one that is giving universal satisfaction at retail price? No medicine in the world is giving such unparalleled satisfaction for purifying the blood as BLOOD PURIFIER AND BLOOD MAKER, and every bottle that does not do its work will cost you nothing.

OSBURN & SHOEMAKER, Druggists.

When Baby was sick,
We gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child,
She cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss,
She clung to Castoria.
When she had Children,
She gave them Castoria.

PALACE RESTAURANT,

IN PALACE HOTEL, . . . RENO, NEVADA.

J. GODFREY, Proprietor.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS,

DAY OR NIGHT.

OYSTERS IN EVERY STYLE

The public can rest assured that the Palace Restaurant will be maintained in a first-class manner.

DEPOT HOTEL,

AT THE DEPOT, . . . RENO, Nev.

R. W. PARRY, Proprietor.

This House is situated beside the Railroad (r.) and it is but a step from the building to the cars on the O. P. R. R. on one side, and those of the V. & T. R. R. on the other.

ALL THE ATTRactions of a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL ARE SUPPLIED

T. K. HYMERS,

TRUCKER, LIVERY, FEED, AND SALE STABLE.

Cor. 3rd and Second Sts., Reno, Nev.

Horses, Buggies and Saddle Horses

—TO LET—

And Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month Terms to suit the times

We have also attached a large Hay Yard with good Stables. Also Corral for loose stock well watered. INQUIRE TO LET

PALACE DRY GOODS STORE.

PALACE

Dry Goods and Carpet House.

GRAND OPENING.

SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS,

Fancy Goods, Carpets, Wall Paper, Lenoleum and Oil Cloth,

MONDAY, APRIL 1st.

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING THAT Monday, April 1st, will be our Opening Day, when we will be prepared to show the most extensive and well selected stock of Spring Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Carpets, Wall Paper, Lenoleum and Oil Cloth that has ever been imported to this part of this State. We will display a most elegant collection of

Fine Dress Goods And Combination Suits

Including many rare designs and latest colorings, also an extensive stock of Silks, Surahs, India Silks, Rhadamases, Faille Francaise, Satins, Plain and Fancy Velvets and Flashes in all colors and tints.

THE DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT

Will be filled to its utmost capacity with the latest and choicest Wash Fabrics, such as Challies, Sateens, Foulards, Batists, Percales, Lawns, Seersuckers, Gingham, Cambrics, Zanebars, Organdies and many novelties of the season.

TRIMMING DEPARTMENT.

Special attention has been given to the selection of Dress Trimmings, and our large collection of fine Braids, Gimps, Passementories in all colors and new shades will found far superior to any that has ever been brought to the place.

Elegant Wraps, Beaded Capes, Fine Jackets

Will be displayed in our Cloak Department. The styles are of the very latest, and some are of the finest quality. The display in the Fancy Goods Department will be very attractive as the novelties of the season will be largely represented. New and very fine Hosiery for Ladies and Children.

Fine Silk and Kid Gloves, Corsets Etc.

Of the most popular makes. Ladies' Muslin and knit Underwear, Fine Laces and Embroideries, Handkerchiefs, Collars and Cuffs, Ruchings, Ribbons, Children's Bonnets, and many other articles too numerous to mention will be seen.

Carpets and Wall Paper.

To describe the many choice and stylish patterns we will display would not do them justice. They must be seen. We therefore respectfully invite our customers and the public in general to call and inspect our large and elegant stock, feeling confident that the liberal inducements we will offer will be satisfactory to intending purchasers.

Respectfully,

Palace Dry Goods and Carpet House.

JOHN BREUNER, SACRAMENTO.

JOHN BREUNER,

Furniture and Bedding,

604, 606, and 608 K Street.

SACRAMENTO, CAL.

THE OLD RELIABLE FURNITURE HOUSE OF JOHN

Breuner is well worthy of note, and we take pleasure in devoting to it due space and attention. Mr. Breuner has been engaged in this business for thirty-three years and conducts one of the largest business houses in California. He manufactures and deals in all kinds of furniture and bedding, and has established a most enviable celebrity for the excellence of the goods turned out by his house. He carries a very large stock, embracing all grades and kinds of furniture and quotes prices that defy competition. His goods are all first-class, made of the best material and first-class workmanship, and the people cannot find a more advantageous house to deal with. He carries a supply of photographs of all goods, which will be sent free of charges to any address, and by this method people at a distance can select goods at home as well as in person at his house, and may rest assured of being satisfactorily and fairly treated by him. This is a most convenient and pleasant method for those abroad, and we recommend a trial of it.

I. FREDRICK.

I. FREDRICK
LEADING JEWELLER AND
WATCHMAKER
BEST OF GOODS AND WORKMANSHIP AT LOWEST PRICES

WHATEVER THY HAND FINDETH.

Red, red the sunset flames behind.
The black, black elms and hedges.
All through the noon the sun has shined,
But yesternoon the sun was hidden.
Now comes a breath of frost, a cold wind
From silent pools and ripples.
All through hot noon the sun has shined
And toiled, with heat and laughter,
Beneath the blazing sun that burns.
Then, laughing still, the heavenly turn
By three and four, and hand in hand
Go two that linger after.
And here we linger, hand in hand,
And watch the blackening shadows.
Had we been born to reap and sow,
To wake when swallows stir, and go
Forth in chill dawn to plow the land,
Or mow the mazy meadows,
Had that been nobler? Love of mine,
We still had only striven.
All we were born to do was best,
To do good work and earn good rest.
All work that's human is divine.
All life, lived well, makes heaven! —E. Nesbit.

The Mosquito's Poison Glands.
The bloodsucking mosquito is not malevolent, as he is commonly described, if we may accept the investigations of Professor George MacLuskie. He has been able, by staining and dissection, to show that the poison gland is one of three minute glands (the others being ordinary salivary glands) on each side of the head, and connected with a minute duct which traverses the length of the long pointed piercer which forms an important portion of the mouth parts of the mosquito. The writer maintains that this fluid is intended mainly to prevent the coagulation of the proteins of plants which the animal sucks from the tissues, and that its poisonous effect upon other animals is only secondary. If so, it would perhaps follow that it is not introduced into the human flesh as a poison. It is difficult to see what purpose the irritating effect of the bite upon other animals can serve the mosquito, since it must make the chance of its getting nourishment from the blood of other animals many times less than it otherwise would be. It may be worthy of inquiry whether the irritating effect is not incidental and perhaps only occasional, and due to other causes than the fluid which seems, by analogy, to have another distinct purpose. —St. Louis Republic.

Imitative Eaters.
Did you ever notice how strong the mimetic faculty of human nature is, how prone to follow an imitable example in some things? I have noticed and watched it for several years while in this business. A regular patron will come into the restaurant, and not until he is asked what he wants does he give the matter a single thought. He picks up the bill of fare. It is old to him. He has seen it before, and it does not contain or suggest a single thing he thinks he would like. He turns to the waiter, and tells him to bring out something good to eat. The waiter does so, and what is set before the patron is something he did not think of, and he eats it with relish. Other customers come in, and, like the first, they do not know what they want. They cast their eyes about and see what the other is eating, and orders the same. This is a rule, and if you watch you will notice it. No matter what the first one is eating, it might be a piece of pastry or a large meal, but the sight of it arouses the appetite of the others who come in later and they want the same. —St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Many Declined.
In an amusing sketch of Prince Henry of Battenberg, the husband of Princess Beatrice, recently appointed governor of the Isle of Wight (greatly to the disgust of the islanders), an English paper gives a long list of the ladies who had declined the honor of the impecunious princeling's hand before he finally succeeded in his matrimonial designs. Among the number was one whom it will not be difficult to recognize and who is described as "the daughter of an American inventor who has since become the wife of an Italian premier." Several others are mentioned, including an actress or two and other women, an alliance with whom would not have been particularly creditable. —San Francisco Chronicle.

Street Tramways in New York.
During the year ending Sept. 30, 1898, the number of passengers on the street railways and elevated railways of New York city was \$76,918,586, an increase of 18,000,000 over the number for 1897. This, at the uniform fare of 5 cents, represents a total revenue of \$18,845,679.80. There are nineteen "city railway" companies, eighteen of which are horse car surface lines, and the other is the elevated railway system, with its four parallel lines. The equipment consists of 8,034 cars and 13,586 horses. The elevated lines have 921 cars and 291 locomotives. The number of employees is 11,733. —Scientific American.

Lotta's Age.
Few of the people who see Lotta kicking her heels and playing all the tricks of a little girl on the stage, would place her age at the correct figure. This little mite of a body doesn't look it, but she was born in Nassau street, Nov. 27, 1846. Her father, John Ashworth Crabtree, was an Englishman, and kept a book store, which he abandoned to go to California during the gold craze of '49. Lotta has been on the stage since 1853, and she is credited with the largest pile of dollars of any woman in the profession, the greater part of which she owes to her mother's business shrewdness. —New York Press.

Not Desirable for Suiicides.
The Eiffel tower is such a blot on the artistic beauty of Paris that it offers no temptation to the would-be suicide as a jumping off place. The true Parisian is nothing if not consistent in his art instincts. To throw one's self from the top of the Arc de Triomphe is one thing; to plunge headlong from a structure so devoid of beauty as the Eiffel tower is quite another matter. The authorities need have no fear that this eighth wonder of the world will be utilized for any such purpose. —Boston Herald.

AN ANCIENT CEMETERY.

PREHISTORIC RELICS UNEARTHED IN WEST VIRGINIA.

An Island Graveyard Where the Indians Buried Their Dead—Pipes, Beads, Arrow Heads, Tomahawks and Other Things Discovered—Teeth Wonderfully Sound.

Eight miles up the Potomac river from Romney, W. Va., is a small island cut off from the main line by a mill race. This island is nearly all sand and made a splendid burying place for the aborigines of this country. For a space of 50 by 200 yards there are many graves about two to three feet in depth and containing, besides skeletons of Indians, many peculiar relics, such as beads, shells, pipes, arrow heads, bones of animals once used for food, pottery, etc.

Two years ago the river rose higher than it had been known to rise for years. It washed out this mill race, and when the banks caved in there were exposed to view many skeletons, as above mentioned. The farmers and boys of the neighborhood visited the place out of curiosity and carried off many articles. No account was printed at the time, and no examination of the place was made until The World called the attention of the Smithsonian men to this find, and a letter was at once written there to the postmaster. But before a reply came I was well on my way to the scene of the discovery.

DIGGING UP THE BONES.
Six men were engaged, and the spot where the graves lay was carefully dug over. It was found that about forty skeletons had been exhumed by the waters. Many more remained, some of which had been disturbed by the plow, for they were buried only two feet deep. One of these was found to have interred with the body stone tips for his arrows, beads as a necklace, a whole pot of clay rudely fashioned and holding several decayed bones of the deer. This had been his cooking vessel, and when interred with the warrior it was filled with deer joints, "luscious and juicy," the meat of which sustained his soul in its march through the Happy Hunting Grounds.

Another skeleton had a similar outfit placed with it. Many of the bodies were buried in cramped positions, few were extended as we place our dead, many bones were missing and the skulls of some individuals seemed crushed and broken. I therefore drew a conclusion that most of these warriors were killed in battle. As it was the Indian custom to mutilate the bodies of the slain, in some instances to smash the skulls, the condition of the skeletons is easily accounted for. In the loose earth thrown out of the excavations and everywhere about the surface we found arrow points, broken pottery, copper beads, glass beads, shells, parts of stone tomahawks, etc. One excavation revealed an old fire place. We took out about five bushels of ashes, the bones of deer, buffalo and ground hog. The buffalo or bison bones are seldom met with in the east. It is known that the bison roamed all over this country, but the whites found him further west than the Mississippi. Therefore the date of this burial place can be placed very far back. The presence of glass and copper beads shows the tribe had contact with the whites. But these beads were found on the surface and not buried with the bodies.

ANOTHER INDIAN VILLAGE.
After examining this cemetery I went twelve miles down the river to another Indian village site. With a force of seven men I began work in some high clay banks which fronted the river. Here the bodies had never been disturbed and lay just as the Indians had left them. We took out nearly twenty entire skeletons. The skulls of a number were preserved whole, and when any fell to pieces the fragments were large enough to admit of their being put together. The average depth of these graves was three feet. With one we found a copper plate, a fine dish of clay with handles and holding on the inside a shell with strange markings on it. The copper plate was not of European manufacture. It was the native Lake Superior copper hammered out in a cold state by the Indians, was about five inches long, two inches wide and perforated for suspension as an ornament.

Another body had a necklace of sixty-two bone beads, while a third had over three hundred small beads. These had been placed in a mass by the left forearm, but had not been strung. A bone awl almost as sharp as a needle and wonderfully well preserved accompanied this man. The farmer owning the place presented me with another copper plate and a stone tomahawk, which he had plowed up not long before. I also secured a good clay pipe found with one of the skeletons. This pipe was shaped somewhat like our cigar holders, only larger, and was made of hard burned clay, red in color.

TWO LONDON LITERARY WOMEN.

Pen Sketches of Mrs. Cashel Hoey and Mrs. Campbell Praed.

Mrs. Cashel Hoey and Mrs. Campbell Praed are both "in society." The first named is an Irish lady of about 60 or 65, short, stout, round faced and always dressed—according to American ideas—very unfashionably. The queen is the grandest of the grand army of dowdily dressed old English ladies, whose apparel would drive an American woman crazy if she were obliged to wear it. Loosely fitting bodices, lace shawls, enormous caps, plainly bandied hair—natural or a "scratch"—mitts and reticule, are component parts of this get up a la Reine Victoria. By its wearers it is considered the dignified and becoming thing for elderly women; while the yellow skinned, thin old woman, with an abundance of elaborately dressed gray hair, no cap, diamond earrings and tightly fitting Parisian costume is looked upon as one of the most offensive of American products, and is the constant subject of derision from English pens, pencils and voices.

Although Mrs. Cashel Hoey has been for many years before the public as a writer, and has produced excellent work in fiction, she has never been fortunate enough to achieve a wonderful paying success. She has told me that her earnings average \$200 a year, about \$2,500, or \$50 a week. She values her American connection very highly, and acknowledges that the larger part of her income is derived from America.

Having formed a literary partnership for copyright purposes with John Lillie, the Harpers are able to protect her later writings, and pay her with the promptness and liberality for which their name is a synonym. Mrs. Hoey lives in a pretty house in the old court suburb, Kensington, not far from the beautiful town house of the duke of Argyll on Campden Hill. Her husband is a legal light, and is a permanent member of the counsel for the management of the Prince of Wales' Rothesay estates. This office brings him a salary of £1,000 per annum, so that financially as well as socially, Mr. and Mrs. Cashel Hoey are in an enviable position.

Mrs. Campbell Praed is a graceful, delicate young woman about 35. She comes of a good family, and the name of her husband is also that of one of the gentility. She is charmingly artistic dresser, and as far as her health will permit associates with a gay and fashionable set. Her novels are widely read, but in England are kept away from young readers exactly as those of Ouida. They are in a certain sense brilliant, but are restricted to the delineation of scenes and manners of a fast and loose class of people—a kind only too prominent in large cities in this feverish age. Her literary style violates all canons of the art, as understood and studied by more serious writers; nevertheless, there is a glamour in her periods, a fascination in her study of character which causes a reader to pursue her fiction breathlessly to the end, and then tossing it away, vowing that the time spent in reading it might and should be more profitably employed. Mrs. Campbell Praed has been in America, having made the now regulation trip thither with her friend Justin McCarthy. —Cor. Pittsburg Chronicle.

Telegraphy Puzzled Him.

A man who had never seen the inside of a telegraph office wandered into that of New London the other day, and as some one came in with a message asked to "see it go." He was taken inside and gratified, but was not inclined to believe that a message was really sent by the clicking key. Finally Manager Smith built a short circuit in the operating room, with Operator Costello at one end and the old man and the manager at the other. Then Mr. Smith requested the old fellow to whisper something to him and he would send it to Costello. He did so, but when he saw his words written out at the other end of the short circuit he claimed that Costello heard him when he told Manager Smith what to send. Mr. Smith suggested to him that he should write on paper what he wanted to say, and then he could convince himself that there was no "shenanagin" about it. The old fellow did so, and Mr. Smith sent it to Costello, who returned the words on paper. Even then he could hardly be convinced, but he concluded that "it was the dumbest thing he ever saw." He spent half an hour in the office and furnished a great laugh for the operators and messenger boys. He hailed from Ledyard and had never been in a telegraph office before. —New London Telegraph.

A Wideawake Little Miss.

I have a little girl, 4 years old, who is a source of much amusement to all who hear her talk. The day of the presidential election we lost her; some one had left the basement door open and she was away up the street with the kitten in her arms. I ran after her and said: "Oh! baby, where are you going?" She said: "I am takin' kiddy to the White House to boat for Cleveland."

Another time we were talking at the dinner table about the Feast of the Passover, and her father said: "The Israelites eat nothing but unleavened bread during that time." Baby followed with the remark: "No, not even 'lasses or jelly on it." Yesterday I took her to see a lady with a new baby, and on her way home she said: "Mamma, why don't you buy a baby?" I said in reply: "I cannot afford it, because you cost me so much all the time." She waited a while and then said: "Mamma, if I cost so much you ought to be awful good to me." —New York World.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ARCHITECTS.	BLACKSMITHING.	UNIVERSITY.
M. J. CURTIS, Architect and Builder, Office—Cor. First and Stev- enson Streets.	W. J. LUKE, Wagonmaker and Horseshoer Corner of Fourth and Sierra Streets.	NEVADA State University, Reno, LEROY D. BROWN, Principal.
DENTISTS.	GROCERIES.	JEWELRY.
DR. M. A. GREENLAW, Dentist, Office—Powling's Building, Virginia St.	BERRY & NOVACOVICH Dealers in Staple & Fancy Groceries, Commercial Row.	RICHARD HERZ, Jeweler and Watchmaker, Virginia Street.
DR. J. J. MOORE, Dental Surgeon. Office in Palace Hotel.	W. O. H. MARTIN, DEALER IN Groceries, Shell & Hardware and Agricultural Implements. Commercial Row.	I. FREDRICK, Dealer in Watches, Dia- monds and Jewelry, Virginia Street.
BAKING POWDER.	LANGE & SCHMITZ.	PHOTOGRAPHS.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER, Absolutely Pure. Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.	Dealers in Groceries, Hardware and Stoves, Commercial Row.	TABER, The Well-Known Photographer, 8 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, Cal.
ATTORNEYS.	STABLES.	MEDICINES.
LEONARD & LINDSAY, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Office in Sunderland's Block.	ANDREW BENSON, PROPRIETOR OF Enreka Livery, Feed and Sale Stable, Corner Fourth and Sierra Sts.	CHALMER'S English Catarrh Cure. Sold by Osburn & Shoemaker.
CLARKE & JONES, Attorneys-at-Law, Office in Powling's Building, Virginia Street.	T. K. HYMERS, Truckee Livery, Feed and Sale Stable, Cor. Sierra and Second Sts.	CANTORIA, Dr. Fitcher's cure for in- fantile and children's com- plaints. THE CENTRAL CO., 77 Murray St., New York.
FURNITURE.	POWDER.	ICE.
JOHN BREUNER, Dealer in Furniture and Bedding, 604, 606 and 608 K Street, Sacramento.	CALIFORNIA POWDER WORKS, Manufacturers of all kinds of Powder, 230 California St. San Francisco	ESSEX ICE COMPANY, Essex, Washoe Co., Nev. Pure Mountain Ice for Sale Address Verdi or Reno.
PHYSICIANS.	HOTELS.	BANKS.
DR. H. BERGSTEIN, Physician and Surgeon, Office in Sunderland's Build- ing, Virginia St.	DEPOT HOTEL, At the Railroad Depot, R. W. PARRY, Proprietor.	BANK OF NEVADA, Capital Stock, - \$300,000 Commercial Row.
NOTARY PUBLIC.	RIVERSIDE HOTEL, Formerly Lake House, Fifth & O'Leary Sts. Board and Lodging. W. R. CHAMBERLAIN, Manager.	FIRST NAT'L BANK, Capital Paid in, \$200,000 Surplus Fund, 70,000 Cor. Virginia and Second Sts.
H. L. FISH, Notary Public and Con- veyancer. Office in First National Bank.	PALACE HOTEL, AL WHITE, - Proprietor, Opposite Depot.	DRY GOODS.
SALOON.	SURVEYORS.	E. LEVY & BRO., Dry Goods, Carpet and Cloak House, Virginia Street.
UNION SALOON, CHASE & CHEURCH, Props. Cor. Virginia and Second Sts.	E. O. MCLELLAN, Civil Engineer and Sur- veyor, Elko, Nevada.	PALACE DRY GOODS CARPET HOUSE, Dry and Fancy Goods of Every Description, Virginia Street.
H. J. THYES, Wholesale Dealer in Wines Liquors and Cigars, First National Bank Building.	I. O. O. F. Truckee Lodge No. 14 meets every Wednesday at 7:30 p. m.	OPERA HOUSE DRY GOODS STORE, C. W. BOOTON, Proprietor. Under McKinnick Opera House, Plaza Street.
GEORGE BECKER, Proprietor of the Granite Saloon, Commercial Row.	R. A. M. Reno Chapter No. 7, meets the first Thursday in each month at 7:30 p. m.	BOOTS AND SHOES.
DRUGGISTS.	A. O. U. W. Nevada Lodge No. 5, meets on Tuesday night.	TANSELL BROTHERS, Boots and Shoes, Now doing a new building, east side Virginia St.
S. J. HODGKINSON, Dealer in Pure Drugs and Medicines Virginia Street	RESTAURANTS.	JOHN SUNDERLAND, DEALER IN Fine Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps. Virginia Street.
WM. FINNIGER, Druggist and Apothecary, Virginia Street.	PALACE RESTAURANT, Opposite Depot, LENNY & HOWARD, Props.	

DEPOT HOTEL,
AT THE DEPOT. - - Reno, Nev.
R. W. PARRY, Proprietor.
This House is situated beside the Railroad track and it is but a step from the building to the cars of the C. P. R. on one side, and those of the V. & T. R. R. on the other.

ALL THE ATTRIBUTES OF A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL ARE SUPPLIED!

T. K. HYMERS,
TRUCKEE LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE,
Cor. Sierra and Second Sts., Reno, Nev.
Horses, Buggies and Saddle Horses
—TO LET—
And Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or Month
"Pleasant to suit the Times."

C. Gulling, President. W. S. Bender, Vice Pres.
Wm. Henry, Secretary, First Nat'l Bank, Treasurer

RENO MILL & LUMBER CO.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER,
Wood Turnings,
Windows, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings,
Pickets, Shingles, Etc.

APPLE BOXES A SPECIALTY.
O. NOVACOVICH. H. J. BERRY.
BERRY & NOVACOVICH,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
STAPLE AND FANCY GOODS,
GREEN AND DRIED FRUITS,
TOBACCOES, WINES, LIQUORS AND
CIGARS.
All the novelties in Fancy Groceries. No
need to send away for choice goods. Cash trade
solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed.

FOR SALE.
THE RESIDENCE
—ON THE—
West Side of South Virginia Street,
NEXT DOOR TO COURT-HOUSE.

THIS DESIRABLE PROPERTY CONSISTS OF
3 1/2 lots 60x74 feet, beautifully sited and con-
taining a beautiful lawn, lovely shade and
evergreen trees, and a great variety of shrubbery,
fine orchard and small fruits. Sixteen years of
cultivation and the most beautiful spot in the
most beautiful spot in the city. A three-inch water
right goes with the place which is also supplied
with city water. Terms reasonable. Inquire at
room seven, National Bank building. Ag 21-4

RIVERSIDE HOTEL,
(FORMERLY LAKE HOUSE.)
Reno - - - Nevada.
W. R. CHAMBERLAIN, Proprietor
I HAVE RENOVATED AND REMODELED THIS
beautifully situated Hotel, on the banks of the
Truckee river, and I am now prepared to furnish
FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND LODGING.
Free Coach to and from all Trains.

Extending a cordial invitation to all my old friends
and patrons, I am yours,
W. R. CHAMBERLAIN.
THE PALACE
—IS—
RENO'S LEADING HOTEL
—IT HAS—
Light Sunny Rooms,
Restaurant Attached,
Fine Billiard Parlor,
EVERY ATTENTION PAID TO GUESTS. PO-
lite and accommodating attendants in every
department. The house is first-class throughout,
is open day and night, and every attention is
shown to travelers.
AL. WHITE.
RENO, NEVADA. First-Class Tourists. Trans-
ient Stock Company Provided. For. Cheaper
to suit the Times.

LEGAL.

MINING APPLICATION NO. 587.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE.
CIVIL DISTRICT, Nevada, February 22, 1899.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE
Washoe Quicksilver Mining Company, a
corporation existing under and by virtue of
the laws of the State of Nevada, by Thomas Reynolds, its
President and attorney-in-fact, who has his office
addressed in Virginia City, Storey county, Ne-
vada, has this day filed his application for a
patent for the claim of the Washoe Quicksilver
Mining Company consisting of the following
described area of land, to-wit: Laffayette,
No. 3, Horseshoe, No. 5, Mary Ann, No. 4,
Gladiolus, and No. 6, New Denmark, each of
1,500 linear feet on the quicksilver deposits,
being quicksilver veins, veins and veins of
metallic contents therewith, with surface
ground 600 feet in width each, all situated in
Steamboat Mining District, county of Washoe,
Nevada, and designated by the said notes and
official plat on file in this office as Lot No. 42,
in Section 32, Township 18 North, Range 20
East, M. D. M. Said lot No. 42 being described
as follows:
Field notes of U. S. Survey, No. 42, Township
18 North, Range 20 East, Mount Diablo base and
meridian, claimed by the Washoe Quicksilver
Mining Company, consisting of five divi-
sions, to-wit: Division No. 1, Laffayette, U. S.
Survey, No. 3, Horseshoe, No. 5, Mary Ann, No. 4,
Gladiolus, and No. 6, New Denmark, each of
1,500 linear feet on the quicksilver deposits,
being quicksilver veins, veins and veins of
metallic contents therewith, with surface
ground 600 feet in width each, all situated in
Steamboat Mining District, county of Washoe,
Nevada, and designated by the said notes and
official plat on file in this office as Lot No. 42,
in Section 32, Township 18 North, Range 20
East, M. D. M. Said lot No. 42 being described
as follows:
First course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes
W, 1750 feet intersected post No. 4, of Divi-
sion No. 6, New Denmark, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
T 18 N, R 20 E, M. D. M., 1500 feet to post
marked "H B P No. 42, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
and post No. 1, of Division No. 4, Gladiolus, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 3, of Division
No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Second course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W,
at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to
post marked "Laffayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S.
Survey, No. 42," identical with post No. 4, of
division No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
and post No. 1, of Division No. 1, Laffayette, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 2, of Division
No. 2, Horseshoe, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Third course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W,
1500 feet to post marked "H B P No. 42, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 3, of Division
No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Fourth course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W,
at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to
post marked "Laffayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S.
Survey, No. 42," identical with post No. 4, of
division No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
and post No. 1, of Division No. 1, Laffayette, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 2, of Division
No. 2, Horseshoe, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Fifth course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W,
1500 feet to post marked "H B P No. 42, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 3, of Division
No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Sixth course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W,
at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to
post marked "Laffayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S.
Survey, No. 42," identical with post No. 4, of
division No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
and post No. 1, of Division No. 1, Laffayette, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 2, of Division
No. 2, Horseshoe, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Seventh course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W,
1500 feet to post marked "H B P No. 42, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 3, of Division
No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Eighth course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W,
at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to
post marked "Laffayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S.
Survey, No. 42," identical with post No. 4, of
division No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
and post No. 1, of Division No. 1, Laffayette, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 2, of Division
No. 2, Horseshoe, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Ninth course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W,
1500 feet to post marked "H B P No. 42, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 3, of Division
No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Tenth course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W,
at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to
post marked "Laffayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S.
Survey, No. 42," identical with post No. 4, of
division No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
and post No. 1, of Division No. 1, Laffayette, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 2, of Division
No. 2, Horseshoe, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Eleventh course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W,
1500 feet to post marked "H B P No. 42, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 3, of Division
No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Twelfth course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W,
at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to
post marked "Laffayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S.
Survey, No. 42," identical with post No. 4, of
division No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
and post No. 1, of Division No. 1, Laffayette, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 2, of Division
No. 2, Horseshoe, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Thirteenth course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W,
1500 feet to post marked "H B P No. 42, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 3, of Division
No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Fourteenth course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W,
at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to
post marked "Laffayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S.
Survey, No. 42," identical with post No. 4, of
division No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
and post No. 1, of Division No. 1, Laffayette, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 2, of Division
No. 2, Horseshoe, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Fifteenth course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W,
1500 feet to post marked "H B P No. 42, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 3, of Division
No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Sixteenth course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W,
at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to
post marked "Laffayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S.
Survey, No. 42," identical with post No. 4, of
division No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
and post No. 1, of Division No. 1, Laffayette, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 2, of Division
No. 2, Horseshoe, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Seventeenth course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W,
1500 feet to post marked "H B P No. 42, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 3, of Division
No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Eighteenth course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W,
at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to
post marked "Laffayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S.
Survey, No. 42," identical with post No. 4, of
division No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
and post No. 1, of Division No. 1, Laffayette, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 2, of Division
No. 2, Horseshoe, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Nineteenth course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W,
1500 feet to post marked "H B P No. 42, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 3, of Division
No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Twentieth course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W,
at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to
post marked "Laffayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S.
Survey, No. 42," identical with post No. 4, of
division No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
and post No. 1, of Division No. 1, Laffayette, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 2, of Division
No. 2, Horseshoe, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Twenty-first course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W,
1500 feet to post marked "H B P No. 42, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 3, of Division
No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Twenty-second course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W,
at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to
post marked "Laffayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S.
Survey, No. 42," identical with post No. 4, of
division No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
and post No. 1, of Division No. 1, Laffayette, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 2, of Division
No. 2, Horseshoe, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Twenty-third course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W,
1500 feet to post marked "H B P No. 42, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 3, of Division
No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Twenty-fourth course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W,
at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to
post marked "Laffayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S.
Survey, No. 42," identical with post No. 4, of
division No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
and post No. 1, of Division No. 1, Laffayette, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 2, of Division
No. 2, Horseshoe, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Twenty-fifth course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W,
1500 feet to post marked "H B P No. 42, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 3, of Division
No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Twenty-sixth course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W,
at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to
post marked "Laffayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S.
Survey, No. 42," identical with post No. 4, of
division No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
and post No. 1, of Division No. 1, Laffayette, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 2, of Division
No. 2, Horseshoe, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Twenty-seventh course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W,
1500 feet to post marked "H B P No. 42, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 3, of Division
No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Twenty-eighth course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W,
at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to
post marked "Laffayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S.
Survey, No. 42," identical with post No. 4, of
division No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42,
and post No. 1, of Division No. 1, Laffayette, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 2, of Division
No. 2, Horseshoe, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Twenty-ninth course—N 17 degrees 05 minutes W,
1500 feet to post marked "H B P No. 42, U. S.
Survey, No. 42, and post No. 3, of Division
No. 3, Mary Ann, U. S. Survey, No. 42, then-
Thirtieth course—S 72 degrees 55 minutes W,
at 300 feet left center monument 600 feet to
post marked "Laffayette P. No. 3, W. Q. M. Co., U. S.
Survey, No. 42," identical with post No. 4, of